#### MI-PDB, MIE-PDB: Advanced Database Systems

Practical class 3:

## XML Path Language (XPath)

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# **Path Expressions**

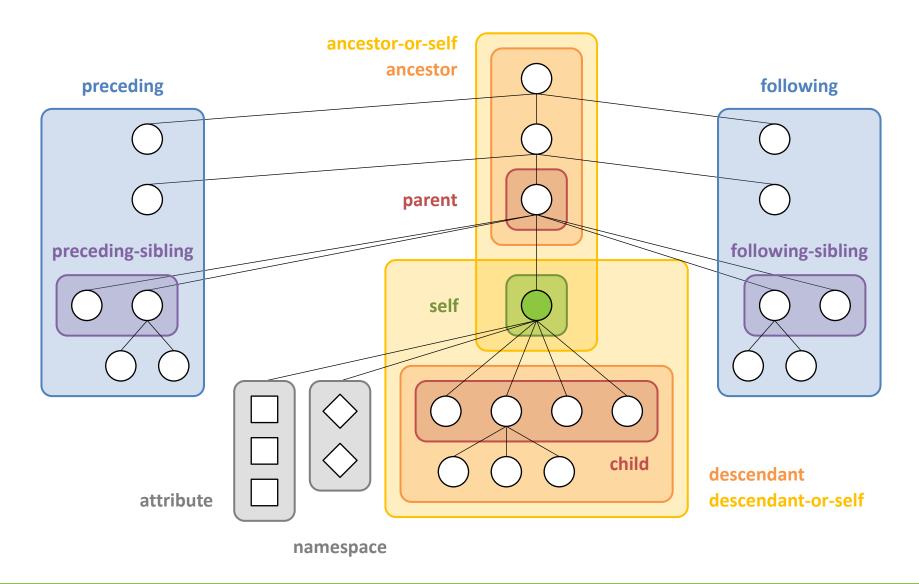
#### Paths

- Absolute
  - /Step<sub>1</sub>/Step<sub>2</sub>/.../Step<sub>N</sub>
- Relative
  - Step<sub>1</sub>/Step<sub>2</sub>/.../Step<sub>N</sub>

### Steps

axis::test predicate<sub>1</sub> predicate<sub>2</sub> ...

## **Axes**



## **Axes**

- Forward axes
  - self, child, descendant(-or-self), following(-sibling)
- Reverse axes
  - parent, ancestor(-or-self), preceding(-sibling)
- Attributes
  - attribute
- Namespace declarations
  - namespace

### **Node Tests**

#### Tests

- node () all nodes selected by the axis
- text() all texts nodes
- \* all elements / attributes selected by the axis
- name elements / attributes of the given name
- comment()
- processing-instruction()

## **Abbreviations**

#### Abbreviations

- .../... <=> .../child::...
- .../@... <=> .../attribute::...
- .../.... <=> .../self::node()...
- .../.... <=> .../parent::node()...
- ...//... <=> .../descendant-or-self::node()/...

## **Predicates**

#### Predicates

- Path expressions: both relative and absolute
- Comparisons:  $= \neq < \leq \geq >$
- Positions

## **Functions**

#### A few useful functions

- position(), last()
- count(), sum()
- avg(), min(), max()
- data()
- distinct-values()
- ...

- Express the following XPath queries
  - Use employees.xml
  - Return all employees (with their entire subtrees)
  - Return surnames of all employees (just text content)
  - Return these surnames without duplicate values
  - Return salaries of all employees with surname Smith

- Express the following XPath query
  - Use employees.xml
  - Return e-mail addresses of all employees with salaries above the average



- Express the following XPath query
  - Use departments.xml
  - Return identifiers of all departments with no directly subordinated employees



- Express the following XPath query
  - Use departments.xml
  - Return the name of the very last department in the whole input document



- Express the following XPath query
  - Use departments.xml
  - Return identifiers of all departments that have at least two subdepartments (even recursively)



- Express the following XPath query
  - Use departments.xml
  - Return identifier of the top level department that involves a given particular department (e.g. D1.2.1)