

Course NDBI040: **Big Data Management and NoSQL Databases**

Practice 03:

Column-Family Stores: Cassandra

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Outline

- Column-family stores
 - **Apache Cassandra**
- Assignment 3

Apache Cassandra Tutorial

Column-Family Store

Installation

- **Downloads**

- <http://cassandra.apache.org/download/>
 - Debian
- <http://www.planetcassandra.org/cassandra/>
 - Windows, Mac OS X, Ubuntu, ...

- **Installation**

Clients

- **Cassandra CLI Utility**
 - `cassandra-cli`
- **Cassandra CQL Shell**
 - `cqlsh`
- **Cassandra OpsCenter**
 - Cluster monitoring and management
 - Web application
 - <http://localhost:8888/opscenter/index.html>

Connection

- **SSH and SFTP access**
 - **nosql.ms.mff.cuni.cz:42222**
 - Login and password: as usual
- **Tools**
 - PuTTY and WinSCP
- **Clients**
 - `/home/svoboda/cassandra/
apache-cassandra-2.0.3/bin/
- ./cqlsh`

Keyspaces

- Create a new keyspace

- **CREATE KEYSPACE** name

- WITH** replication =

- {'class' : 'SimpleStrategy',

- 'replication_factor' : 1};

- Use your login name as a name for your keyspace

- List all keyspaces

- **DESCRIBE KEYSPACES;**

- **SELECT * FROM system.schema_keyspaces;**

- Keyspace usage

- **USE** name;

Tables

- Create a table for users
 - **CREATE TABLE** users1 (
 id int,
 fname text,
 lname text,
 email text,
 PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
- View table definition
 - **DESCRIBE TABLE** users1;

Tables

- Insert new users

- **INSERT INTO** users1
 (id, fname, lname, email)
VALUES (1, 'Irena', 'Holubova',
 'holubova@ksi.mff.cuni.cz');
- ...

- Browse existing users

- **SELECT** * **FROM** users1;
- **SELECT** * **FROM** users1 **WHERE** (id = 1);
- **SELECT** * **FROM** users1
WHERE (id IN (1, 2, 3));

Tables

- Find particular users

- **SELECT * FROM** users1
WHERE (lname = 'Holubova');

- Create a new index

- **CREATE INDEX ON** users1 (lname);

- Find particular users

- **SELECT * FROM** users1
WHERE
 (lname = 'Holubova') AND
 (fname = 'Irena')
ALLOW FILTERING;

Tables

- Update and remove users
 - **UPDATE** users1
 SET email = 'irena.holubova@mff.cuni.cz'
 WHERE (id = 1);
 - **DELETE FROM** users1 **WHERE** (id = 1);

Collections

- Create a new table for users
 - **CREATE TABLE** users2 (
 id int,
 fname text,
 lname text,
 emails set<text>,
 cities list<text>,
 phones map<text, text>,
 PRIMARY KEY (id)
);

Collections

- Insert new users

- **INSERT INTO** users2
 (id, fname, lname, emails, cities, phones)
VALUES (
 1,
 'Irena',
 'Holubova',
 {'holubova@ksi.mff.cuni.cz'},
 ['Prague', 'Zlin'],
 {'work' : '+420 251 554 316'})
);
- ...

Collections

- Update existing users

- **UPDATE** users2

- SET**

- emails =

- emails + {'irena.holubova@mff.cuni.cz'},

- cities = cities - ['Zlin'],

- phones['work'] = '+420 951 554 316'

- WHERE** (id = 1);

- **DELETE**

- cities[0],

- phones['work']

- FROM** users2 **WHERE** (id = 1);

Comments

- Single line
 - `-- comment`
 - `// comment`
- Multiple lines
 - `/* comment */`

References

- Cassandra 3.0
 - <http://docs.datastax.com/en/cassandra/3.0/cassandra/cassandraAbout.html>
- **Cassandra 2.0**
 - <http://docs.datastax.com/en/cassandra/2.0/cassandra/gettingStartedCassandraIntro.html>
- CQL 3.3 (Cassandra 2.2 and later)
 - <http://docs.datastax.com/en/cql/3.3/cql/cqlIntro.html>
- **CQL 3.1** (Cassandra 2.0 and 2.1)
 - http://docs.datastax.com/en/cql/3.1/cql/cql_intro_c.html

Assignment 3

Column-Family Stores: Apache Cassandra

Assignment 3

- **Create a non-trivial real-world application** that would work with Apache Cassandra
 - Choose any database domain
 - E.g. cinema tickets, flight booking, study system, ...
 - Create a commented script with CQL statements
- **Submit your solution** by e-mail
 - `svoboda@ksi.mff.cuni.cz`
 - Deadline: 14. 12. 2015

Assignment 3

- **Requirements**

- Create a keyspace with at least 3 tables
- Insert at least 5 rows into each of them (on average)
- Use all three types of collections
 - Set, list, map
- Define at least 2 indices
- Perform at least 5 updates and 5 deletions
 - Involve non-trivial operations on collections as well
- Express at least 5 meaningful SELECT queries
 - Use WHERE, ORDER BY, LIMIT and ALLOW FILTERING clauses