

MI-PDB, MIE-PDB: Advanced Database Systems

Practical Class 5:

Neo4j – Cypher

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Data Model

- Graph
 - **Nodes** = graph vertices
 - Set of labels
 - Set of properties
 - **Relationships** = directed graph edges
 - Type
 - Set of properties
- **Properties**
 - Key-value pairs

Cypher Expressions

- **Literals**

- Integers and doubles: 13, -40000, 3.14, 6.022E23
- Hexadecimal/octal integers: 0xFC3A9, -0x66eff, 01372
- Strings: "Hello", 'World'
 - Standard escaping sequences using \
- Boolean: TRUE, FALSE

- **Identifiers**

- n, node, `A weird name!`

- **Properties**

- node.prop, relationship.prop, n["prop"]

Cypher Expressions

- **Collections**

- ["a", "b"], [1,2,3], ["a", 2, n.property], []

- **Function calls**

- length(p), nodes(p), ..., avg(x.prop), count(*)

- **Path patterns**

- (a)-->() \leftarrow (b)

- **Operator applications, comparisons, ...**

- $1 + 2$, $3 < 4$, $a.prop = \text{"Hello"}$, $length(p) > 10$
- ...

Cypher Clauses

- Reading clauses
 - **MATCH**
 - Description of sub-graph patterns we are interested in
 - `MATCH (d:Label) -[:Type]->(e)`
 - OPTIONAL MATCH
 - **WHERE**
 - Additional (filtering) constraints to graph patterns
 - `WHERE (e.prop > 100) AND (e.name)`

Cypher Clauses

- General clauses
 - **RETURN**
 - Definition of columns to be included in the query result
 - `RETURN e.prop, COUNT(*) AS count`
 - **WITH**
 - Intermediate result to be pipelined to further clauses
 - **ORDER BY**
 - `ORDER BY e.prop ASC, count DESC`
 - **SKIP + LIMIT**
 - Number of rows to be skipped and included in the result
 - `SKIP 30 LIMIT 10`

Cypher Functions

- Scalar functions
 - **SIZE**(collection), **SIZE**(pattern)
 - **LENGTH**(path), **LENGTH**(string)
 - **TYPE**(relationship), **ID**(node), **ID**(relationship)
 - **HEAD**(collection), **LAST**(collection)
 - **STARTNODE**(relationship), **ENDNODE**(relationship)
- Collection functions
 - **NODES**(path), **RELATIONSHIPS**(path)
 - **LABELS**(node)
 - **TAIL**(collection)

Assignment 1

- Express the following Cypher query
 - **Return personal numbers and full (concatenated) names of all employees**
 - Include only employees with salaries greater than *2200* and e-mail addresses from domain *co.org*

e.number	name
E4	Peter Brown
E2	Arthur Taylor
E3	Martin Smith

Assignment 2



- Express the following Cypher query
 - **Return personal numbers of all employees together with ids and names of departments they work in**
 - Include only employees that were employed on *2013-01-01* or later

e.number	d.id	d.name
E4	D1.2	Engineering
E3	D1.1	Development

Assignment 3

- Express the following Cypher query
 - **Return identifiers and names of all departments**
 - **Exclude departments with no direct employees**
 - Order these departments according to their names
 - Omit the first 2 of these departments and return at most the 3 following

d.id	d.name
D1.1	Development
D1.2	Engineering
D1	Production

Assignment 4



- Express the following Cypher query
 - **Return unique last names of all employees that work (even indirectly) in a particular department (e.g. *D1*)**

e.lastName
Smith
Brown
Taylor

Assignment 5

- Express the following Cypher query
 - **Compute the average salary of all employees (direct only) for each department**
 - Exclude departments without names
 - Include departments with at least 2 employees only (direct)
 - Order the output using these salary averages (*DESC*) and then using department names (*ASC*)

id	avgSalary
D1.2	2750

Assignment 6

- Express the following Cypher query
 - **Return identifiers of all departments and for each one of them provide the following information**
 - Full name of their direct manager (only when specified)
 - Collection of identifiers of all sub-departments they contain (even indirectly), ordered using these identifiers

id	subdepartments	manager
D1	[D1.1, D1.2, D1.2.1]	John Smith
D1.1	[]	<i>NULL</i>
D1.2	[D1.2.1]	Arthur Taylor
...		