Courses B0B36DBS, A7B36DBS: Database Systems

Practical Classes 01 and 02:

Conceptual Modeling in ER and UML

Martin Svoboda

21. and 28. 2. 2017

Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Czech Technical University in Prague

Conceptual Modeling

- Conceptual, logical, and physical layers
- ER
 - Entity type (strong, weak)
 - Relationship type (binary, n-ary, recursive, cardinalities)
 - Attribute (ordinary, composite, multivalued)
 - Identifier (full, partial)
 - ISA hierarchy (covering, overlap constraints)
- UML
 - Class, association, attribute, generalization

- Create an ER conceptual schema for a simple student information system...
 - Each person has a name, personal id number, address, and e-mail address
 - Values of personal ids are unique among persons

- Extend the previous schema...
 - Each person may have several login names
 - Together with each login name we also store hashed value of a corresponding password

- Modify the previous schema...
 - We would like to split the unstructured address attribute of a person to separate values of a street, city, and post code
 - Each person may have at least one e-mail address from now on

- Extend the previous schema...
 - Two types of persons are now distinguished:
 - Student has at least one phone number
 - Teacher may have a website and is also identifiable using an employee number

- Extend the previous schema...
 - Course is identified by its code, it has a unique name, and also a number of credits
 - Each course is guaranteed by exactly one teacher

- Extend the previous schema...
 - Two courses may have a mutual dependency
 - Two types of such dependencies are distinguished:
 co-requisites and pre-requisites

- Extend the previous schema...
 - Students work on theses which are lead by teachers
 - Each thesis has its type (bachelor, master, doctoral), unique name, and year of assignment
 - Use an entity type for theses
 - Determine all the relationship cardinalities correctly

- Modify the previous schema...
 - Can the relationship types of thesis assignment / leadership be modeled using two binary relationship types (instead of one ternary)?

- Extend the previous schema...
 - Model a timetable using a relationship type
 - I.e. describe timetable events of teaching courses by teachers, always in a given day of a week, at a given time, and on a given place
 - Limit yourself to one active semester only

- Extend the previous schema...
 - Each thesis may also be associated with several teachers acting as consultants

- Extend the previous schema...
 - Departments consist of research groups
 - Each department has its name and code, both allowing to be used as independent identifiers
 - Research group can only be identified locally using an abbreviated name within a particular department which it belongs to

- Extend and modify the previous schema...
 - Timetable events must support different semesters
 - Students can enroll in courses (even repeatedly)
 - For each such enrollment we need to record the final achieved grade (if any)

- Modify the previous schema...
 - Model timetable events using an entity type

- Create a UML schema diagram for the entire student information system as described
 - I.e. model all the following classes and associations:
 - Person, student, teacher, login, course, thesis, timetable event, time slot, room, semester, department, group