

NDBI040: Big Data Management and NoSQL Databases

<http://www.ksi.mff.cuni.cz/~svoboda/courses/2016-1-NDBI040/>

Practical Class 4

MongoDB Document Database

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Data Model

Database system structure

Instance → **databases** → **collections** → **documents**

- Database
- Collection
 - Collection of documents, usually of a similar structure
- Document
 - MongoDB **document** = one **JSON object**
 - Each document...
 - belongs to right one collection
 - has a **unique immutable identifier** `_id`
 - Field name restrictions apply
 - `_id`, `$`, `.`

CRUD Operations

Overview

- `db.collection.insert()`
 - Inserts a new document into a collection
- `db.collection.update()`
 - Modifies an existing document / documents or inserts a new one
- `db.collection.remove()`
 - Deletes an existing document / documents
- `db.collection.find()`
 - Finds documents based on filtering conditions
 - Projection and / or sorting may be applied too

Tutorial: MongoDB



First Steps

Remotely connect to our NoSQL server

- SSH and SFTP access
- PuTTY and WinSCP on Windows
- **nosql.ms.mff.cuni.cz:42222**

Start mongo shell

- `mongo`

Basic useful commands

- `help`
 - Displays a brief description of basic commands
- `exit`
`quit()`
 - Closes the current client connection

Databases

Switch to your database

- use `login`
`db = db.getSiblingDB('login')`
 - Use your login name as a name for your database

List all the existing databases

- show databases
`show dbs`
`db.adminCommand('listDatabases')`
 - Your database will be created later on implicitly

Collections

Create a new collection for actors

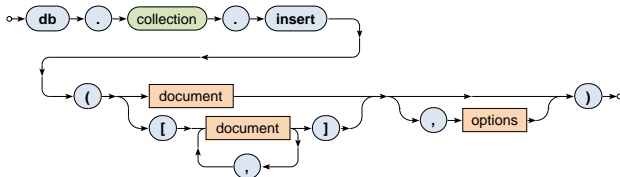
- `db.createCollection("actors")`
 - Suitable when creating collections with specific options since collections can also be created implicitly

List all the collections within your databases

- `show collections`
`db.getCollectionNames()`

Insert Operation

Inserts a new document / documents into a given collection



Insertions

Insert a few new documents into the collection of actors

```
db.actors.insert({ _id: "trojan", name: "Ivan Trojan" })
```

```
db.actors.insert({ _id: 2, name: "Jiri Machacek" })
```

```
db.actors.insert({ _id: ObjectId(), name: "Jitka Schneiderova" })
```

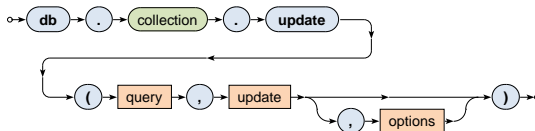
```
db.actors.insert({ name: "Zdenek Sverak" })
```

Retrieve all the actor documents

```
db.actors.find()
```

Update Operation

Modifies / replaces an existing document / documents



Updates

Update the document of actor *Ivan Trojan*

```
db.actors.update(  
  { _id: "trojan" },  
  { name: "Ivan Trojan", year: 1964 }  
)
```

```
db.actors.update(  
  { name: "Ivan Trojan", year: { $lt: 2000 } },  
  { name: "Ivan Trojan", year: 1964 }  
)
```

- At most one document is updated
- Its content is replaced with a new value

Check the current content of the document

```
db.actors.find({ _id: "trojan" })
```

Insertions

Use update method to **insert a new actor**

- Inserts a new document when upsert behavior is enabled and no document could be updated

```
db.actors.update(  
  { _id: "geislerova" },  
  { name: "Anna Geislerova" },  
  { upsert: true }  
)
```

Use save method to **insert new actors**

- Document identifier must not be specified in the query or must not exist in the collection

```
db.actors.save({ name: "Tatiana Vilhelmova" })
```

```
db.actors.save({ _id: 6, name: "Sasa Rasilov" })
```

Updates

Use `save` method to **update actor *Ivan Trojan***

- Document identifier must be specified in the query and must exist in the collection

```
db.actors.save({ _id: "trojan", name: "Ivan Trojan", year: 1964 })
```

Try to modify the document identifier of an existing document

- Your request will be rejected since **document identifiers are immutable**

```
db.actors.update(  
  { _id: "trojan" },  
  { _id: 1, name: "Ivan Trojan", year: 1964 }  
)
```

Updates

Update the document of actor *Ivan Trojan*

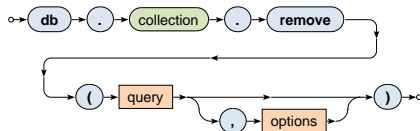
```
db.actors.update(  
  { _id: "trojan" },  
  {  
    $set: { year: 1964, age: 52 },  
    $inc: { rating: 1 },  
    $push: { movies: { $each: [ "samotari", "medvidek" ] } }  
  }  
)
```

Update multiple documents at once

```
db.actors.update(  
  { year: { $lt: 2000 } },  
  { $set: { rating: 3 } },  
  { multi: true }  
)
```

Remove Operation

Removes a document / documents from a given collection



Removals

Remove selected documents from the collection of actors

```
db.actors.remove({ _id: "geislerova" })
```

```
db.actors.remove(  
  { year: { $lt: 2000 } },  
  { justOne: true }  
)
```

Remove all the documents from the collection of actors

```
db.actors.remove({ })
```


Sample Data

Insert the following actors into your emptied collection

```
{ _id: "trojan",  
  name: "Ivan Trojan", year: 1964,  
  movies: [ "samotari", "medvidek" ] }
```

```
{ _id: "machacek",  
  name: "Jiri Machacek", year: 1966,  
  movies: [ "medvidek", "vratnelahve", "samotari" ] }
```

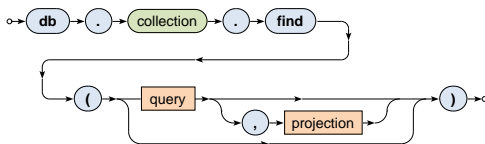
```
{ _id: "schneiderova",  
  name: "Jitka Schneiderova", year: 1973,  
  movies: [ "samotari" ] }
```

```
{ _id: "sverak",  
  name: "Zdenek Sverak", year: 1936,  
  movies: [ "vratnelahve" ] }
```

```
{ _id: "geislerova",  
  name: "Anna Geislerova", year: 1976 }
```

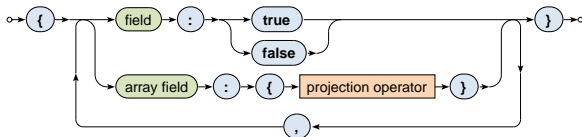
Find Operation

Selects documents from a given collection



Find Operation: Projection

Projection allows us to determine the fields returned in the result

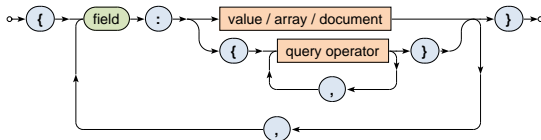


Projection operators

- `$elemMatch`, `$slice`,...

Find Operation: Selection

Query parameter describes the documents we are interested in



Selection operators

- `$eq`, `$neq`, `$lt`, `$lte`, `$gte`, `$gt`
- `$in`, `$nin`
- `$and`, `$or`, `$not`
- `$exists`, `$regex`, `$text`
- ...

Querying

Execute the following **document retrievals**

- Explain the meaning of these queries as well

```
db.actors.find({ })
```

```
db.actors.find({ _id: "trojan" })
```

```
db.actors.find({ name: "Ivan Trojan", year: 1964 })
```

```
db.actors.find({ year: { $gte: 1960, $lte: 1980 } })
```

```
db.actors.find({ movies: { $exists: true } })
```

```
db.actors.find({ movies: "medvidek" })
```

```
db.actors.find({ movies: { $in: [ "medvidek", "pelisky" ] } })
```

```
db.actors.find({ movies: { $all: [ "medvidek", "pelisky" ] } })
```

Querying

Execute the following **document retrievals**

- Explain the meaning of these queries as well

```
db.actors.find({ $or: [ { year: 1964 }, { rating: { $gte: 3 } } ] })
```

```
db.actors.find({ rating: { $not: { $gte: 3 } } })
```

```
db.actors.find({ }, { name: 1, year: 1 })
```

```
db.actors.find({ }, { movies: 0, _id: 0 })
```

```
db.actors.find({ }, { name: 1, movies: { $slice: 2 }, _id: 0 })
```

```
db.actors.find().sort({ year: 1, name: -1 })
```

```
db.actors.find().sort({ name: 1 }).skip(1).limit(2)
```

```
db.actors.find().sort({ name: 1 }).limit(2).skip(1)
```

Indexing

Execute the following query and study its **execution plan**

```
db.actors.find({ movies: "medvidek" })
```

```
db.actors.find({ movies: "medvidek" }).explain()
```

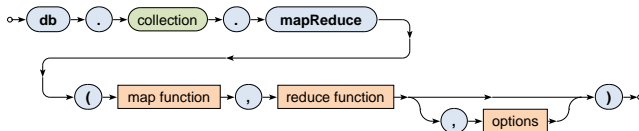
Create multikey index for movies of actors

```
db.actors.createIndex({ movies: 1 })
```

Examine the execution plan once again

MapReduce

Executes a **MapReduce** job on a selected collection



MapReduce

Execute the following **MapReduce job**

```
db.actors.mapReduce(  
  function() {  
    emit(this.year, this.name);  
  },  
  function(key, values) {  
    return values.sort();  
  },  
  {  
    query: { year: { $lte: 2000 } },  
    sort: { year: -1 },  
    out: { inline: 1 }  
  }  
)
```

MapReduce

Implement and execute the following **MapReduce job**

- Calculate the overall number of actors for each movie
- Find inspiration in...
 - `this.movies.forEach(function(m) { ... })`
 - `Array.sum(values)`

References

Documentation

- <https://docs.mongodb.com/v3.2/>